COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 277

(By Senators Palumbo, McCabe, Jenkins, Foster, Minard, Nohe and Klempa)

[Originating in the Committee on Government Organization; reported February 17, 2011.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §11-1C-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §11-3-1 of said code, all relating to limiting the amount a property reappraisal can increase over the previous amount; and clarifying the limitation does not apply to natural resources property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §11-1C-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §11-3-1 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1C. FAIR AND EQUITABLE PROPERTY VALUATION.

Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 277] 2

§11-1C-9. Periodic valuations.

(a) After completion of the initial valuation required under 1 2 section seven of this article, each assessor shall maintain 3 current values on the real and personal property within the county. In repeating three-year cycles, every parcel of real 4 5 property shall be visited by a member of the assessor's staff who has been trained pursuant to section six of this article 6 7 to determine if any changes have occurred which would affect the valuation for the property. With this information 8 9 and information such as sales ratio studies provided by the 10 Tax Commissioner, the assessor shall make such adjustments as are necessary to maintain accurate, current valuations of 11 12all the real and personal property in the county and shall adjust the assessments accordingly: Provided, That any 1314 increases in valuations may not result in more than a fifteen 15percent increase in assessment in any one year: Provided, *however*, That this limitation does not apply to natural 16resources property as defined in section ten of this article: 17*Provided*, *further*, That this limitation does not apply when 18 19improvements made on the property resulted in the increased 20assessment.

21(b) In any year the assessed value of a property or species 22of property be is less than or exceed exceeds sixty percent of 23current market value, the Tax Commissioner shall direct the 24assessor to make the necessary adjustments: Provided, That any increases in valuations may not result in more than a 25fifteen percent increase in assessment in any one year: 2627*Provided*, *however*, That this limitation does not apply to 28 natural resources property as defined in section ten of this article: *Provided*, *further*, That this limitation does not apply 29when improvements made on the property resulted in the 30 31increased assessment. If any assessor fails to comply with the provisions of this section, the Tax Commissioner may, at the 32county commission's expense, take reasonable steps to 33 34 remedy the assessment deficiencies.

ARTICLE 3. PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.

§11-3-1. Time and basis of assessments; true and actual value; default; reassessment; special assessors; criminal penalty.

(a) All property, except public service businesses assessed
 pursuant to article six of this chapter, shall be assessed
 annually as of July 1 at sixty percent of its true and actual
 value, that is to say, at the price for which the property

Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 277] 4

5 would sell if voluntarily offered for sale by the owner thereof, upon the terms as the property, the value of which 6 7 is sought to be ascertained, is usually sold, and not the price which might be realized if the property were sold at a forced 8 sale: *Provided*, That an annual assessment shall not increase 9 the assessed value of the property by more than fifteen 10 11 percent of the previously assessed value: *Provided*, *however*, 12That this limitation does not apply to natural resources property as defined in section ten, article one-c of this 13chapter: Provided, further, That this limitation does not 14 15apply when improvements made on the property resulted in the increased assessment. 16

17 (b) Any conflicting provisions of subsection (a) of this section notwithstanding, the true and actual value of all 18 19 property owned, used and occupied by the owner thereof 20exclusively for residential purposes shall be arrived at by also giving consideration to the fair and reasonable amount 21of income which the same might be expected to earn, under 2223normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if rented: *Provided*, That the true and actual value of all farms used, 24occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants 2526shall be arrived at according to the fair and reasonable value

5 [Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 277

of the property for the purpose for which it is actually used 27regardless of what the value of the property would be if used 28for some other purpose; and that the true and actual value 2930 shall be arrived at by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable income which the same might be expected to earn 3132under normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if 33 rented: *Provided*, *however*, That nothing herein shall alter 34 the method of assessment of lands or minerals owned by domestic or foreign corporations. 35

36 (c) The taxes upon all property shall be paid by those who
37 are the owners thereof on the assessment date whether it be
38 assessed to them or others.

39 (d) If at any time after the beginning of the assessment year, it be ascertained by the Tax Commissioner that the 40 41 assessor, or any of his or her deputies, is not complying with this provision or that they have failed, neglected or refused, 4243or is failing, neglecting or refusing after five days' notice to list and assess all property therein at sixty percent of its true 44and actual value as determined under this chapter, the Tax 45Commissioner may order and direct a reassessment of any or 46 all of the property in any county, district or municipality, 4748 where any assessor, or deputy, fails, neglects or refuses to Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 277] 6

assess the property in the manner herein provided. And, for 49 50 the purpose of making assessment and correction of values, 51the Tax Commissioner may appoint one or more special 52assessors, as necessity may require, to make assessment in any county and any such special assessor or assessors, as the 53 case may be, has the power and authority now vested by law 5455 in assessors, and the work of such special assessor or asses-56sors shall be accepted and treated for all purposes by the county boards of review and equalization and the levying 57bodies, subject to any revisions of value on appeal, as the 58 true and lawful assessment of that year as to all property 59valued by him or her or them. The Tax Commissioner shall 60 61 fix the compensation of all special assessors appointed, 62 which, together with their actual expenses, shall be paid out 63 of the county fund by the county commission of the county in which any such assessment is ordered, upon the receipt of a 64 certificate of the Tax Commissioner filed with the clerk of 65 the county commission showing the amounts due and to 66 whom payable, after such expenses have been audited by the 67 county commission. 68

69 (e) Any assessor who knowingly fails, neglects or refuses to70 assess all the property of his or her county, as herein pro-

vided, shall be guilty of malfeasance in office and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more
than \$500, or imprisoned not less than three nor more than
six months, or both, in the discretion of the court, and upon
conviction, shall be removed from office.

(f) For purposes of this chapter and chapter eleven-a of this
code, the following terms have the meanings ascribed to
them in this section unless the context in which the term is
used clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended by
the Legislature:

81 (1) "Assessment date" means July 1 of the year preceding82 the tax year.

83 (2) "Assessment year" means the twelve-month period that84 begins on the assessment date.

85 (3) "Tax year" or "property tax year" means the next86 calendar year that begins after the assessment date.

(4) "Taxpayer" means the owner and any other person inwhose name the taxes on the subject property are lawfullyassessed.